## K.A.H.M. Unity Women's College- Manjeri Department of Zoology

## **Rosalind Franklin Zoological Museum**

Notes prepared by: Ninshida Sherin (B.Sc. Botany)

ASCARIS		
Taxonomy of the specimen	Notes	
ASCARIS Phylum: Aschelminths Class: Nematoda	<ul> <li>Ascaris lumbricoides popularly known as human round worm is an endoparasite live in the small intestine of man and apes.</li> <li>In children it causes the disease ascariasis.</li> <li>Parasitology</li> <li>Host: Human</li> <li>Habitat: Small Intestine</li> <li>Infection Route: Fecal- oral transmission (injecting contaminated food and water)</li> <li>Body is soft body, cylindrical and pointed at both ends.</li> <li>The body of worm is reddish or pinkish in colour (due to the presence of haemoglobin )</li> <li>Body has numerous ring like markings.</li> <li>It grows upto 40 cm length and 3-6 cm width.</li> <li>It has a thick resistant cuticle protect host from to digestive enzymes.</li> </ul>	
	It shows sexual dimorphism	
	Female	Male
	<ul> <li>Mature worm return to Symptoms</li> <li>Abdominal pain</li> <li>Weight loss</li> <li>Treatment</li> </ul>	stinal wall, migrate to lung
	<ul><li>proper hygiene</li><li>Hand washing</li></ul>	

## **ASCARIS**

